Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation Strategy

Key Performance Indicators for the Sub-Surface Drainage Program



Goulburn-Murray Water

Annual Report for Period ending 30th June 2008





Australian Government

Funding

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Subsurface Drainage Program 2007/08 Key Performance Indicator Summary

Goulburn-Murray Water is responsible for implementing the Sub-Surface Drainage Program (SSDP) for the Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation Strategy (SIRCIS). The SSDP employs private groundwater pumping, public groundwater pumping, and tile drainage to manage groundwater levels for salinity control and salt disposal within the region. Key Performance Indicators were developed for the program in response to a need for annual performance reporting to key stakeholders. Key Performance Indicators have been used in order to provide a standard method for evaluating and reporting important aspects of program performance to key stakeholders, including government funding bodies, statutory and regulatory agencies, and community organisations and groups. Annual performance and cumulative achievements for the program are provided.

Three categories of Key Performance Indicators have been used:

- Operations
- Management
- Environmental

The headline indicators for these three categories are presented below to give an overall indication of the performance of the SSDP.

Table 1 SIRCIS – Sub-Surface Drainage Program	2007/08 - Headline Indicator Summary
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ASPIRATIONAL TARGET AGAINST CUMULATIVE ACHIEVEMENTS	Target	Achievement	% Achieved
Operations Indicators			
Total area served by SSDP (ha)	45993	46830	102%
Public Salinity Control Pump sites completed for the SSDP	52	47	90%
Private irrigation SSDP assisted bores installed/upgraded	344	354	103%
Private irrigation bores operating as Salinity Plan Bores	395	492	125%
Environmental Indicators			
Area of Environmental Features Protected by SSD works (ha)	NA	2,604	NA
ANNUAL TARGET AGAINST ANNUAL ACHIEVEMENTS	Target	Achievement	% Achieved
Operations Indicators			
Total area served by SSDP (ha)	2448	3699	151%
Public Salinity Control Pump sites completed for the SSDP	2	1	50%
Private irrigation SSDP assisted bores installed/upgraded	20	20	100%
Public Salinity Control Pump volume pumped for the year (ML)	59	50	85%
Private Assisted Bores pumped volume vs 65% Safe Volume (ML)	Range 32640 to 49886	44101	Achieved

Management Indicators			
Annual SSDP expenditure compared with budget			
(\$millions)	\$2.86	\$2.72	95%

Achievement Against Target

	Exceeded (100%+)
	Satisfactory (70-99%)
	Below (26-69%)
	Well Below (<25%)
NA	Not Applicable

The SSDP was focussed on the private pump program due to continued community demand because of drought conditions. Additional drought funding in 2007/08 supported the Private Pump Program.

Overall implementation work targets were met with the exception that only one new public pump was installed and commissioned due to efforts being directed to the Private Pump Program.

The success rate of FEDS was lower than in previous years due to the significantly lower watertable rendering many sites unsuccessful.

Despite the budget uncertainty and therefore the slow start to implementation works early in the financial year, the program expenditure was well managed achieving 95% of the available budget.

1. Introduction

This report presents the annual Key Performance Indicators for the SSDP for the Shepparton Irrigation Region (SIR) for 2007/2008 as such it represents a performance report of the SSDP.

1.1 Shepparton Irrigation Region

The SIR is located in the Murray Darling Basin on the southern end of Riverine Plain in Northern Victoria. The SIR covers an area under the jurisdiction of both the GBCMA and the North Central Catchment Management Authority (NCCMA).

The SIR area covers approximately 500,000 ha of which approximately 60 percent is irrigated. The SIR comprises four irrigation areas: the Rochester, Central Goulburn, Shepparton and Murray Valley Irrigation Areas.

1.2 Stakeholder Relationships

A flow diagram showing the stakeholder relationships and program inputs is given in Figure 1.

1.3 The Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation Strategy

1.3.1 Sub-Surface Drainage Strategy

The Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation Strategy (SIRCIS) has evolved from the Shepparton Irrigation Region Land and Water Salinity Management Plan that was endorsed in 1990. The Sub-Surface Drainage Program (SSDP) is one of the core programs within the SIRCIS. The core programs include:

- The Sub-Surface Drainage Program
- The Farm Program
- The Environment Program
- The Surface Water Management Program
- The Waterways Program.

The SSDP employs private groundwater pumping, public groundwater pumping, and tile drainage to manage groundwater levels for salinity control and salt disposal within the region.

Salinity of the shallow groundwater is often above GBCMA catchment strategy guidelines for applied irrigation water salinity, and it is often necessary to dilute (shandy) with channel water before being used for irrigation. This is called conjunctive re-use. Guidelines are designed to ensure leaching of salt from the root zone will occur thereby allowing sustainable agricultural productivity to be achieved. Water efficiency is enhanced by both recycling irrigation water and maintaining land productivity.

Private groundwater pumping for farm re-use is encouraged and assistance is available in the form of capital grants, as well as the Farm Exploratory Drilling Scheme (FEDS). The cost of private irrigation bore pumping (including operation, maintenance and replacement) is met by the landholder.

Public groundwater pumps for salinity control may be installed where:

- Private groundwater pumping is not feasible;
- The area is affected by high watertables;
- There is sufficient landholder support.

The feasibility investigations and capital costs for new public groundwater pumps are jointly funded by the Victorian Government and the National Action Plan for salinity and water quality through the subsurface drainage component of the SIRCIS. The direct and indirect beneficiaries of the scheme – landowners and local government, meet operating and maintenance costs of the public groundwater pumps.

A series of maps that show the area served by each of the program elements and as a cumulative area served are presented in Appendix B.

1.3.2 Goulburn Broken MER Strategy

The Goulburn Broken Monitoring, Evaluation and Reporting (MER) Strategy is intended to draw together aspects of natural resource monitoring in the Goulburn-Broken region at a strategic level that are relevant to the practices, policies and activities of the Regional Catchment Strategy.

This SSDP Performance Report is one of many reports detailing monitoring, evaluation and reporting within the Goulburn Broken region. It is consistent with the principles and objectives of the MER strategy.

1.4 Key Performance Indicators for the SSDP

Goulburn-Murray Water is responsible for implementing many aspects of the SSDP. Key Performance Indicators were developed for the program in response to a need for regular performance reporting to key stakeholders. Key Performance Indicators have been used in order to provide a standard method for evaluating and reporting important aspects of program performance to key stakeholders, including government funding bodies, statutory and regulatory agencies, and community organisations and groups.

The SSDP was initiated in 1990 with a vision to achieve an increasing level of watertable control over a timeframe of 25 years. The most recent program review (2000-2005) assessed the need to extend this horizon to 30 years and set long-term targets to achieve a total area of salinity protection of 185,000 ha to be served by the SSDP. The review has also set shorter term targets for the period 2005/06 to 2010/11 that are thought to be reasonable given historic funding levels and levels of implementation. The 2007/08 KPI report records the progress to date against these new aspirational targets.

The indicators aim to provide concise at-a-glance reporting on important monitored parameters, allowing evaluation of enterprise or program performance on an annual basis and long term cumulative basis, thus ensuring that key information and trends are more easily absorbed and understood by the stakeholders.

Combined graphical and numerical indication is a key feature of the reporting, enabling comparison against previous periods and visual trend recognition whilst retaining the raw data.

The Indicators are grouped into a range of categories that extend beyond purely financial and economic aspects and include environmental impacts/benefits and other indicators.

Interpretive notes for each of the Key Performance Indicators are provided in the Section 2 to 4.

A summary of the KPIs is given in Table 2.

1.5 Report Layout

This report is comprised of the following sections:

- 1. Subsurface Drainage Program 2007/08 Key Performance Indicator Summary provides a brief summary of the report
- 2. Introduction gives a overview of the SSDP
- 3. Operational Indicators
- 4. Management Indicators

- 5. Environmental Indicators
- Appendices contains tables of information regarding the 3 indicator categories (Appendices A, C and D), maps of the area protected by the Subsurface Drainage Program (Appendices B and E) and a glossary of abbreviations and terms used is given at the end of this report (Appendix F).

1.6 Changes to Previous KPI Report

The KPI "MI-4 Soil Salinity Measurements" has been removed in the 2007/08 KPI report and it was decided that this indicator should no longer be recorded in future KPI reports. This KPI was intended to provide an indication of the effectiveness of public pumps for soil salinity control.

The KPI was removed for the following reasons;

- A lack of continuity of data renders the KPI ineffective for obtaining soil salinity trends over time.
- The data has not been collected on a regular annual basis because the dry soil conditions do not allow a reliable electromagnetic response to be obtained.
- The KPI data is only related to one public pumps site, and does not provide any statistical representation for all sites.
- Given that the drought has been the major influence in lowering watertables in the region, it is unclear what the relative contribution groundwater pumping has to soil salinity protection.

DPI (2007) have reported the results of the of the soil salinity surveys from 2000 to 2005. Overall the conclusion is that soil salinities have decreased both within the area of influence of the public pump and in areas outside of the pumps influence. DPI recommended that soil salinity sampling should be continued on a regular basis, with further statistical research input to improve the methodology and outcomes of the work. On the basis that the methodology requires refinement, the need for reporting the KPI should be postponed until the methodology provides a confident outcome.

PO-3b was removed from the 2007/08 KPI report. This KPI was designed to give an indication of the degree to which pumps were actually operated against the time the pumps were required to operate. The PO-3b indicator relies on simplified data extracted from G-MW Groundwater database reports which is not considered suitable to make a reasonable judgement on this KPI. It is for this reason, that the indicator was removed.

MI-3 was modified to better reflect the achievement of successful FEDS against the benchmark 25% target level. Previously this indicator reported the percentage of successful FEDS (i.e. number of successful/ number of FEDS for the year *100) directly against this 25% benchmark target. Presently the KPI for successful FEDS is a direct comparison of the number of successful FEDS for the year against the 25% benchmark number of successful FEDS.

1.7 Assumptions used for Aspirational Targets

The '2000-2005 Five Year Review' report for the Subsurface Drainage Program completed in 2007, had reviewed the achievements and assumptions of the program for the period 2000/01 to 2004/05. The Five Year Review report assesses the achievements against targets for the 5-year period and consequently clarified a number the assumptions behind estimating 'area served' by the SSDP. The review had revised the targets for the 5 year period in light of historical funding levels which were less than initially forecast when targets were initially set.

The new targets are recorded in the 2006/07 and the 2007/08 KPI report. The 2007/08 KPI report therefore includes the series of original aspirational targets for 2001/02 to 2004/05 and the more recent revised targets for 2005/06 and 2006/07.

The changes to the aspirational targets and the assumptions used in the 2006/07 report are documented in the 2006/07 KPI Report.

1.8 Further Information

Requests for further information and comments regarding this KPI report can be directed to:

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Further related information about the Goulburn Broken Regional Catchment Strategy and the Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation Committee can be obtained from the Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority Annual Report on www.gbcma.vic.gov.au.



Figure 1Shepparton Irrigation Regional Catchment Implementation Strategy – SubsurfaceDrainage Program – Stakeholder Relationships

Table 2	SIRCIS – Sub-Surface I	Drainage Program –	 Summary 	of Indicators	for 2007-08
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		Aspiratio	onal Cumulat	ive Totals	Fund	led Annual T	otals
		Target	Achieved	% Achieved	Target	Achieved	% Achieved
Operatio	ns Indicators						
AP-1	Total area served by SSDP (ha)	45993	46830	102%	2448	3699	151%
AP-2	Area served by Public Salinity Control Pumps (ha)	10348	9673	93%	398	163	34%
AP-4	Area served by SSDP assisted private irrigation bores (ha)	3520	38037	108%	2050	3536	172%
AP-3	Area served by SSDP assisted horticultural protection bores (ha)	409	389	95%	0	0	NA
AP-5	Area served by SSDP assisted tile drainage systems (ha)	10	5 16	100%	0	C	NA
PW-1	Public Salinity Control Pump sites completed to date for the SSDP	52	2 47	90%	2	. 1	50%
PW-2	Private irrigation bores installed or upgraded to date with SSDP assistance	344	1 354	103%	20	20	100%
PW-3	Private irrigation bores operating as Salinity Plan Bores	39	5 492	2 125%	no target	e	i NA
PW-4	Private horticulture protection bores completed with assistance from the SSDP	2 [,]	1 20	95%	0	0	NA NA
PW-5	Private low volume pasture1 sub-surface drainage systems completed with assistance from SSDP	() 1	>100%	0	0	NA
PW-6	Total number of Tile drain sites assisted by the SSDP	() 4	>100%	0	0	NA

		Informa	ational Annua	al Totals
		Target	Achieved	% Achieved
Operation	ons Indicators (continued)			
PW-7	Number of FEDS investigations completed (pasture only)		44	NA
MI-2	Number of FEDS applications		62	NA
MI-3	Percentage of successful FEDS investigations	25%	6	14%
PO-1	Public Salinity Control Pump volume pumped for the year (ML)	59	50	85%
PO-2	Public Salinity Control Pump salt load exported from the region for year (kT)	0.03	0.03	100%
PO-3a	Phase A pumps volume pumped for the year (ML)		641	NA
PO-3c	Girgarre annual pumping (ML) – T101, T102 and T103 pumping combined	352	323	92%
PO-4	Private Irrigation Bores SDA pumping for the year (ML)		0	NA
PO-5	Private Irrigation Bores SDA salt exported for year (T)		0	NA
PO-6	Metered Private Irrigation Bores volume pumped for the year (ML)		85801	NA
		Range 32640 to		
PO-7	Metered Private Irrigation Bores assisted by the SSDP volume pumped for the year compared to 65% Safe Use Volume (ML)	49886	44101	Achieved
MI-1	Number of Metered Irrigators using more than licence entitlement volume	813	, 774	95%
Manage	ment Indicators			
BE-1	Annual SSDP expenditure compared with budget	\$2,860,000	\$2,720,000	95%
BE-2	Revenue from operation of public salinity control works		\$645,000	NA
CG-1	Average cost to manage grants process per site		\$12,088	NA
FE-1	Average cost per FEDS investigation		\$20,051	NA
Environ	mental Indicators			
EV-1	Groundwater levels - Area threatened by shallow watertables (ha) i.e. water levels less than 2 m below ground surface		7087	NA
EV-3	Area of Environmental Features Protected (ha)		2604	NA
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Achievement Against Target Achieved or Exceeded (100%+) Satisfactory (70-99%) Below (26-69%) Well Below (<25%)

2. Operations Indicators

The Operations indicators consist of Area Protection, Program Works and Program Outputs indicators. These are summarised in table form in Appendix A for the current period 2007/08 and five previous annual periods.

2.1 Area Protection Indicators AP-1 to AP-5 and Program Works PW-1 to PW-7

The Area Protection is the estimated area of salinity protection through watertable control and is described as "Area Served" in this report. Area served therefore, is the estimated impact from the "Program Works".

Individual performance indicators relate to one or more of the following key implementation areas:

- Groundwater Pumping Public
 - Public Salinity Control Bores
 - o Watertable Control Bores
- Groundwater Pumping Private
 - Private Irrigation Bores (for pasture areas)
 - Private Irrigation Bores (for Horticulture areas)
 - Low Volume Bores (for pasture areas)
- Tile drainage Private

The performance results of the key SSDP elements for 2007/08 in terms of area served and program works are summarised below in sections 2.1.1 to 2.1.5.

2.1.1 Area Protection Indicators

The Area Protection indicators focus on reporting the area of land protected by the SSDP. The area of land protected by each of the key implementation areas of the SSDP are reported separately and also amalgamated to report on the total area served.

The approach to calculating "area served" utilises Geographic Information System (GIS) technology to map the areas spatially and analyse area of protection in hectares based on assumptions of volume of groundwater pumped equating to an area of salinity protection. Appendix B includes the GIS maps of 'area served' for various aspects of the Subsurface Drainage Program.

The methodology for calculating the served area for each of the elements of the SSDP is more fully explained in the "Manual for Compiling 2007/08 Annual KPI Reports for the Subsurface Drainage Program, March 2008" (G-MW document number DM #2651845).

The area served by public pumps is the area within the 'zero drawdown' contour and is based on pumping test data. Area served by private pasture groundwater pumps assumes that 1 ML of licence volume equates to 1 ha of salinity protection. The area served by horticultural bores is assumed to be 1 hectare protected for every 2 ML/d annual volume of groundwater pumped.

Annual targets are based upon budget availability, community demand and program priorities. Meeting these annual targets provides an indication of the efficiency and effectiveness of the SSDP in implementing works and measures.

Reporting of cumulative achievements indicates the longer-term progress and trends of the program.

The method for calculating the area served has been significantly improved over the approach used previous years' approach. The main improvement has been the ability to map the areas served from each of the program elements.

Summary of Achievement

The total Area Served by the SSDP ("AP-1") up to 30 June 08 was 46,830 ha. The estimated annual achievement was 3699 ha served.

Explanation of Results

The cumulative area served (AP-1) has marginally increased by 965 ha in 2007/08 compared to the previous year while the annual achievement was 3699 ha. The annual achievements reported for area served does not take into account the effect of overlap between the SSDP sub-programs which include private pumping bores, public pumps, private horticultural pumping bores and tile drainage.

A further reason for the marginal increase in cumulative area served was due to a number of private bores that have had a revision of licence volume and several bores had their licence relinquished for various reasons.

The available funding has largely been focussed on SSDP assisted private pasture irrigation bores program element (AP-4) due to two main reasons;

- Private pumping for salinity control where feasible is the most cost effective option.
- The extended drought conditions has caused and maintained significant interest in the Private Pumping Program, and the reduced threat of high watertables has lessened community interest for public pumping.

Minimal expenditure has occurred on SSDP assisted private horticultural protection bores (AP-3), SSDP assisted tile drainage systems (AP-5) or SSDP assisted public salinity control pumps (AP-2).

Area Served by SSDP with and without SSDP Funding

The cumulative area served by subsurface drainage works includes those works funded by the SSDP and those not funded by the SSDP. This includes the 'Phase A Public Pumps' and private pumping bores. The cumulative area served for 2007/08 of 95,049 hectares was similar to 2006/07 area served of 95,149 hectares.

2.1.2 Program Works Indicators

Program Works are concerned with gauging the completion, operation and upgrade of bores, tile drainage systems, evaporation basins and other works that dispose to land under the SSDP.

For pasture areas, bores (i.e. public salinity control pumps and private irrigation bores) have been used exclusively to date. For horticultural areas, a combination of private water table control bores and tile drainage have been used, although new SSDP assisted tile drainage systems have not been used for several years.

It should be noted that no SSDP assisted evaporation basins for drainage disposal exist in the SIR. Public salinity control pumps are primarily used to protect agricultural assets and have not specifically been used for environmental protection purposes to date.

2.1.3 Public Groundwater Pump Program

Program Works	Link	Area Served
<u>PW-1</u> Public Salinity Control Pump Sites Completed for the SSDP	⇔⇔	AP-2 Area Served By Public Salinity Control Pumps

The total area served by Public Salinity Control Pumps (AP-2) was 9,673 ha. One additional public pump, CG25, was commissioned and handed over in 2007/08 against a funded annual target of 2 pumps. Given the current dry conditions and lower watertable, it was considered reasonable to ensure funding priorities were biased toward the private pumping program as was the case last year.

2.1.4 Private Groundwater Pump Program

Program Works	Link	Area Served
<u>PW-2</u> Private Irrigation Bores Installed or Upgraded with SSDP Assistance	⇔⇔	<u>AP-4</u> Area Served By Private Irrigation Bores with SSDP Assistance
<u>PW-3</u> Private Irrigation Bores Operating as Salinity Plan Bores		
<u>PW-5</u> Private Low Volume Pasture Subsurface drainage systems Completed with SSDP Assistance		Included in AP-1
<u>PW-4</u> Private Horticultural Protection Bores Installed or Upgraded with SSDP Assistance	⇔⇔	<u>AP-3</u> Area Served By SSDP Assisted Horticultural Protection Bores
PW-7 Number of FEDS investigations completed		
<u>MI-2</u> Number of FEDS applications		
<u>MI-3</u> Successful FEDS investigations		

Annual achievements (PW-2) were 20 pumps (which included 17 new pumps and 3 system upgrades) which were in line with funded targets. The annual achievements were higher than the aspirational target of 10 pumps due to annual funding priorities biased toward private pumping.

The number of Salinity Plan Bores (SPBs) (PW-3) has increased by 6 for this year. The aspirational target for Salinity Plan bores has not been revised and remains at 395. SPBs are licensed irrigation bores that are required to meet special operating requirements in order to qualify registered SPB owners for reduced charges. For those bore owners who have not received assistance under government funded catchment management programs, registration of their irrigation bore as a SPB is voluntary. All irrigation bores receiving financial assistance under the government funded catchment management programs are mandatory SPBs. SPB operators have their annual fixed fee waived during the time their bores are operating as registered SPBs.

Only 1 SSDP assisted private low volume sub-surface drainage system has been installed for pasture areas (PW-5). Low volume sub-surface drainage systems are used to target areas with poor aquifer systems. These areas are categorised as C Type areas based on their high groundwater levels and low yielding aquifer systems. Areas with high yielding aquifer systems are referred to as B Type.

Private Horticultural Bores (AP-3, PW-4)

The total area served by SSDP horticultural protection bores effectively has not changed since there are no new horticultural bores.

FEDS Program (MI-2, MI-3, PW-7)

The Farm Exploratory Drilling Scheme (FEDS) is a program that offers financial and technical support for the exploration of groundwater in the SIR. Investigations are carried out in both horticultural and pasture areas, though most investigations have been in pasture areas in recent years.

The strong interest from landholders for the FEDS scheme was maintained in 2007/08 with similar numbers of applications to previous years and similar number of completed FEDS.

MI-3 is the number of successful FEDS compared to an arbitrarily selected target success rate of 25% of the funded number of FEDS investigations. A successful site is where an investigation found groundwater with low salinity and suitable yield. The 2007/08 achievements of 6 successful out of 44 investigations represents 14% success rate, which is lower than previous years. The low success rate is attributable in part to significant falls in groundwater levels making many investigations unsuccessful.

Z. 1.5 The Drainage Systems	2.1.5	Tile Drainage	e Systems
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AP-5	Area Served By SSDP Assisted Tile Drainage
PW-6	Tile Drainage Sites with SSDP Assistance

The total area served by SSDP assisted tile drainage systems remains at 16 ha. The 'served area' is the 'footprint' of the tile drainage area. No further tile drains are planned for the period 2005/06 to 2010/11 according to the aspirational targets as set in the 'Five Year Review 2006/07'.

2.2 Program Outputs Indicators PO-1 to PO-8, MI-1

Program Output Indicators for the SSDP report the performance of salinity control works for Public Salinity Control Pumps (PSCP), Public Watertable Control Pumps (also referred to as 'Phase A' pumps), and Private Irrigation Bores (including those with capital grants assistance). The performance is measured in terms of groundwater volumes pumped and salt exported.

Outputs for the Public and Private pumping components of the SSDP are affected by a range of factors, including climate, surface water allocations and water application. Of particular note, winter/spring disposal pumping from private and public groundwater bores has not been conducted in recent years due to insufficient dilution flows in the River Murray (largely a response to extended dry conditions during the past few years). The requirement for winter salt disposal from private pumps was removed in May 2007 (SIRIC Meeting Number 7-02).

2.2.1 Public Pumping Program

PSCP were originally intended to operate for 60 days in winter/spring (subject to suitable dilution flows in the Murray River), and 60 days in summer. A management decision was made in 2007 to change the process for deciding which bores should operate. The following risk assessment criterion was used as a decision support tool.

For watertable levels;

- o <1.5m High Risk
- 1.5 2m Moderate Risk
- 2m 3m Watch Mode
- >3m Low Risk

It was proposed that Moderate and High Risk pump sites should operate subject to disposal conditions, pump sites in Watch Mode should be monitored throughout the potential pumping season and operated if watertable levels increase into the Moderate – High Risk category. Low Risk sites should not operate.

During 2007/08, only two PSCP were operated (Ro 105 and Ro 107) in the Rochester area. These pumps were operated in the summer period only.

The amount pumped this year by the Public Salinity Control Pumps (PO-1) was significantly lower than previous years at 50 ML. The last 2 years have been significantly less water pumped due to the low watertables in the region.

The actual amount exported by the Public Salinity Control Pumps (PO-2) was 30.3 tonnes (0.03 kT) compared to a salt export capacity of 30.2 tonnes (0.03 kT).

The Phase A or Watertable Control Pumps pumped volume (PO-3) for this year was 641 ML, a decrease of 1387 ML compared to last year volume of 2027 ML.

PO-3b which is designed to give an indication of the degree to which pumps operated against the time the pumps were required to operate. The PO-3b indicator does not have suitable data to make a reasonable judgement on this KPI, and therefore it has been removed from the 2007/08 KPI report. Girgarre pumps T102 and T103 did not operate in 2007/08 because of the reasons listed above. Girgarre pump T101 pumped 323 ML to the evaporation basin.

2.2.2 Private Irrigation Pumping

Private Irrigation SDA Bore pumping (PO-4, PO-5) has not occurred since 1996 as climatic conditions have not provided sufficient dilution flows to allow salt disposal pumping. The GBCMA has decided to remove this requirement for all licensees in April 2007 because it was determined that it does not provide salinity management benefits.

Private Irrigation Bores with verified usage data pumped a total volume of 85,801 ML (PO-6) for the year a significant decrease of 23,446 ML compared to last year. The usage represents 44% of the total licence volume for these bores. Note that although more bores were installed and an increased in licence volumes occurred in 2007/08, the percentage usage is significantly down from the previous year.

Whilst the drought has continued and demand for groundwater is strong, the low usage data is probable due to the inability to pump groundwater due to reduced groundwater levels. The relatively low number of licensed irrigators using more that their entitlement (MI-1) is likely due to be due to a combination of factors including low groundwater levels and difficulty in accessing groundwater and greater compliance awareness. This represents 95% compliance with respect to irrigators pumping within their groundwater licence volume.

The private assisted irrigation bore volume pumped was 44,101 ML (PO-7). This volume is within optimal operational target range of the upper safe use volume limit and the lower 65% Safe Use Volume limit.

3. Management Indicators

These indicators focus on financial statistics of the SSDP Program. Financial data presented includes budget and expenditure data for the SSDP program, private and public sector contributions to Public Salinity Control, Capital Grant Scheme costs and FEDS costs. These indicators are tabulated in Appendix C.

3.1 BE-1 – SSDP Expenditure Compared to Budget

SSDP expenditure for this year was \$2.72 million against a budget of \$2.86 million. This represents expenditure of 95% of budget.

The expenditure for the *program development* component includes research and investigation, which represents 19% of the total budget for 2007/08 and has decreased as a percentage of total expenditure compared to the last two years.

The *program support* component, which includes meetings, coordination, program management, extension and capacity building was 26% of total budget for 2007/08 and is a similar level to previous years as a percentage of total expenditure.

The *implementation* component, which includes all on ground works, was 45% of the total program expenditure and has increased as a percentage of total expenditure over the previous year.

The *monitoring and reporting* component was 10% of 2007/08 total expenditure and is similar levels to previous years.

3.2 BE-2 – Revenue for Operation of G-MW Public Salinity Control Works

Revenue from the operation of the Public Salinity Control Works is raised from landholder and local government contributions. Contribution of \$110,000 from local government is in line with previous years funding levels which is normally calculated at 17% of SSDP funded works.

3.3 CG-1 – Capital Grants Scheme

Demand continued for groundwater pumps during 2007/08 due to continued drought conditions. The level of grants available was boosted by the drought incentives resulting in greater proportion of contribution to previous years. This year, landholders contributed 39% and the capital grants contribution was 61% compared to approximately 50: 50 ratio in previous years.

The proportion of landholder contributions compared to capital grants for upgrades systems has traditionally been variable due to the variability in system upgrade requirements. The diversity of upgrade requirements includes such items as electrical connection when converting from diesel power, replacement of header lines, additional header lines and discharge lines and replacement of existing pumps with larger system. Replacement of existing pumps is excluded from financial assistance and is considered as maintenance unless the new system requires a larger pump.

The average cost to manage the capital grants scheme in 2007/08 was \$12,088 per site, which is lower than most previous years. The average cost is the total cost of administering the capital grants (\$241,750) divided by the number of bores installed and upgraded for the reporting year (20 bores installed and upgraded).

3.4 FE-1 – Farm Exploration Drilling

The total cost for FEDS has reduced to \$902,284 in 2007/08 compared to \$995,335 in 2006/07. Average cost per investigation in 2007/08 has decreased to \$20,050 from \$21,177 in 2006/07.

Although the number of FEDS investigations was at similar levels to previous years, the average cost has decreased due to the lower number of successful FEDS in 2007/08. A successful FEDS investigation usually requires a greater expense due to the need for several stages to identify the optimal site.

4. Environmental Indicators

The environmental indicators are intended to demonstrate the environmental benefits and impacts of the SSDP. The indicators focus on groundwater levels, environmental features protected and salinity. These indicators are tabulated in Appendix D.

4.1 EV-1 – Area Threatened by Shallow Watertables

This indicator provides information on the area within the SIR that is threatened by shallow watertables. The specific reporting indictors are based on the August monitoring data and relate to depth of watertables below ground level;

- less than 2m and;
- less than 3m

The 2007/08 KPI data uses the August 2007 Watertable study data.

There is a very significant decreasing trend in area of shallow watertables and is shown in both the 'watertable less than 2 metres' and 'watertable less than 3 metres' data. The 'annual change' data highlights the significant decrease area of shallow watertables over the last 2 years.

4.2 EV-2 - Area of Environmental Features Protected

The area of environmental features protected by subsurface drainage works to the end of 2007/08 was calculated to be 2,604 ha, which is a slight decrease over the previous year.

The area of protection is lower than previous year despite the increase in total number of bores, possibly due to changeover from BICCS to SAM left some bores which had 2 service points on the same bore and therefore may have included duplicated licence volumes in last years KPI report. This was rectified in 2007/08 data. Additionally, there were a number of bore licence that were cancelled or not renewed.

The map "SIR - Environmental Features Protected by Subsurface Drainage Works to June 2008 is included in Appendix E.

References

Department Primary Industries, 2008. *Shepparton Irrigation Region Public Pumps Key Performance Indicators (SIRPPKPIs) Project 2007 Annual Report Ongoing Monitoring Results, June 2008*. Unpublished internal document.

Goulburn-Murray Water, March 2008. *Report for Subsurface Drainage Program Key Performance Indicators - Manual for Compiling the 2007/08 KPI Report March 2008*. Unpublished internal document.

Appendix A Operations Indicators

Area Protection - KPI Indicators AP-1 to AP-5 Program Works - KPI Indicators PW-1 to PW-7, MI-2, MI-3 Program Outputs – KPI Indicators PO-1 to PO-7, MI-1

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Operations Indicators

Area Served - AP-1, AP-2

Indicator		Previous Periods					Current Period	Comparison		
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Cumulative Total Annual Total		
	Total area served by S	SDP (ha) ^{1, 2}								
	Achievements	Cumulative Total	26072	28963	30677	33098	45865	46830		
AP-1	Achievements	Annual Total	2562	2890	1715	2421	3302	3699		
	Aspirational Target ^{2,3}	Cumulative Total	41872	46320	50855	42756	44377	45993		
	Funded Target ⁴	Annual Total	3200	2470	3530	2800	1936	2448	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	
Note 1	Does not include Pre-SS	SDP pumps - SSDP	began in 1	990, so bo	res before	this time a	re excluded	1		

Note 2 Combines targets for AP2, 3, 4 and 5

Note 3 Aspirational targets changed in SSDP 2000-2005 Review

Note 4 Funded target determined by annual funding and management and SSDP 2000-2005 Review assumed area served by number of pumps

	Indicator		Previous Periods						Comparison
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Cumulative Total Annual Total	
	Area served by Public	Salinity Control Pu	imps (ha)						16000 16000 1500 1500 1800 1800 1800 1800 1800 1
	Achievements ⁵	Cumulative Total	7192	7596	8600	9195	9510	9673	
AP-2	Achievements	Annual Total	1150	404	1004	595	0	163	
	Aspirational Target ³	Cumulative Total	8400	10200	12200	9154	9751	10348	
	Funded Target ⁴	Annual Total	1000	600	1000	600	398	398	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 5	Assumptions refined in	2006/07 resulting in	larger area	served that	an previous	sly reported	d.		

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Operations Indicators

Area Served - AP-3, AP-4, AP-5

	Indicator			Prev	vious Per	iods		Current Period	t Comparison
			02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Cumulative Total Annual Total
	Area served by SSDP as Achievements ⁶	Cumulative Total	18466	<u>(ha)</u> 20952	21663	23489	37200	38037	5 0000 4 0000 7 3 0000 3 0000 3 0000 4 000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000 4 0000000000
AP-4	Achievements Aspirational Target ³ Funded Target ⁴	Cumulative Total	1399 32741 2200	35324 1870	711 37794 2530	1826 33178 2200	3302 34202 1538	3536 3699 2050	6 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Note 6	Method refined in 2006/0	7 resulted in larger a	rea served t	han report	ed in previ	ous KPI rep	orts. Refe	r to 2006/07	07 KPI report text.
	Area served by SSDP as	ssisted horticultural	protection	bores (ha	<u>,</u> a)	,			
	Achievements	Cumulative Total	399	399	399	399	389	389	
AP-3	Achievements	Annual Total	14	0	0	0	0	0	
	Aspirational Target ³	Cumulative Total	675	725	775	409	409	409	
	Funded Target	Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	-								
	Area served by SSDP as	ssisted tile drainage	systems (<u>ha)</u>					120 120 5
	Horticulture	Cumulative Total	16	16	16	16	16	16	
		Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	
AP-5	Pasture	Cumulative Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Aspirational Target ⁷	Cumulative Total	56	71	86	16	16	16	
	Funded Target	Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Note 7	Target is for horticulture,	there is no target for	pasture.						

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Operations Indicators

Program Works -PW-1, PW-2

	Indicator			Prev	vious Peri	iods		Current Period	Comp	parison
			02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Cumulative Total	Annual Total
	Public Salinity Control F	Pump sites complete	ed to date f	for the SS	<u>DP</u>				80 80 70 70	
	Achievements	Cumulative Total	37	40	43	46	46	47		
PW-1	Achievements	Annual Total	5	3	3	3	0	1		
	Aspirational Target ¹	Cumulative Total	42	51	61	46	49	52		
	Funded Target ²	Annual Total	5	3	5	3	2	2	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 1	Note 1 Aspirational target changed in SSDP 2000-20									
Note 2	Funded target determined	d by annual funding a	nd manage	ement						
	Indicator		Previous Periods					Current Period	Comp	parison
			02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Cumulative Total	Annual Total
	Private irrigation bores	installed or upgrade	d to date v	with SSDP	assistanc	<u>e</u>			450 450	40 40
	Achievements ³	Cumulative Total	302	315	324	335	341	354		35 30 25 25 25
PW-2	Achievements	Annual Total	34	13	9	11	16	20		20 20 20 15 15
	Aspirational Target ¹	Cumulative Total	335	360	384	324	334	344		
	Funded Target ²	Annual Total	20	17	23	20	15	20	0 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	0 0 0 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08

Note 3 Cumulative total takes into account additional bores for current year and bores that have been removed. Annual total achieved include new bores and upgraded for current year only

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Operations Indicators

Program Works - PW-3, PW-4, PW-5



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Operations Indicators

Program Works - PW-6, PW-7, MI-2, MI-3

	Indicat	or		Prev	vious Peri	iods		Current Period	Comparison
	maleat	01	02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Companson
	Total number of	Tile drain sites assist	ted by the	SSDP					5
	Horticulture	Cumulative Total	4	4	4	4	4	4	
PW-6		Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 2
	Pasture	Cumulative Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Annual Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Number of FEDS	leted							
	Horticulture	Annual Total	3	2	1	0	1	1	
PW-7									
	Pasture	Annual Total	64	67	50	41	47	44	
									0 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Number of FEDS	applications ¹							
		Received	194	56	54	56	121	62	
MI-2		Completed	64	67	50	41	47	44	
		In Progress	23	35	33	27	13	7	
		Waiting List	112	63	19	21	87	65	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 1	Only Refers to pa	sture FEDS.							
	Successful FEDS	S investigations ²							25
	Achievements		23	10	13	8	11	6	20 20
MI-3									
	Target		16	17	13	10	12	11	5
Note 2									0 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
NOTE 2	Achievements are	e number of successful	FEDS. Ta	rget is num	ber of succ	esses base	ed on 25%	success ra	ite

Operations Indicators

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Program Outputs -PO-1, PO-2, PO-3

	Indicator		Prev	vious Peri	iods		Current Period	Comparison
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	
	Public Salinity Control Pump volume	e pumped t	for the yea	<u>r (ML)</u>				
	Summer Pumping	1375	1956	2043	2290	327	50	
PO-1	Winter/Spring Pumping	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Summer Pumping Capacity 1	1894	1975	2139	2218	313	59	
	Winter/Spring Pumping Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	0	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 1	Most pumps not required to operate du	e to except	tional drou	ght conditio	ns			
	Public Salinity Control Pump salt loa	ad exporte	d from the	region for	vear			2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0
	Actual Amount Exported (kT)	1.22	1.59	1.65	1.83	0.30	0.03	
PO-2								
	Salt Export Capacity ² (kT)	1.40	1.70	1.70	1.90	0.30	0.03	
								02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 2	Based on design capacity and nominal	salinity an	d assumed	disposal p	ercentages	5.		
	Phase A pumps volume pumped for	the year (N	<u>VIL)</u>					5000 4500
		NA	4076	3688	3864	2027	641	
P0-3a								
								02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Girgarre evaporation basin annual p	umping (N	ИL <u>)</u>					
	T102/3 Summer Pumping	10	225	229	217	0	0	
	T102/3 Winter/Spring Pumping	0	0	0	0	0	0	
P0-3c	T102/3 Summer Pumping Capacity	0	192	192	192	0	0	
	02/3 Winter/Spring Pumping Capacity	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	T101 Pumping	450	368	283	327	492	323	⁵⁰ 100 1 100 1 1 100 1 1 100 1 1 100 1 1
	T101 Pumping Capacity	352	352	352	352	352	352	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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Operations Indicators

Program Outputs - PO-4, PO-5, PO-6

	Indicator		Pre	vious Per	riods		Current Period	Comparison	
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08		
	Private Irrigation Bores SDA pumpin	g for the y	ear (ML) ³					7000 7000	
	Actual Amount Pumped	0	0	0	0	0	0	6000 5000 4000	
PO-4	Pumping Allocation ⁴	2878	4329	5484	6302	4995	6611	3000 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000 0 2000 1000	
	Private Irrigation Bores SDA salt exp	orted for y	/ear (T) ^{3,5}					02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	
PO-5		0	0	0	0	0	0		
Note 3	Climatic conditions did not allow salt di	sposal pur	nping						
Note 4	Potential maximum amount only								
	Metered Private Irrigation Bores volu	ime pump	ed for the	year (ML)	6, 7			200000 200000	
	Actual Amount Pumped	101823	64288	64820	62752	109247	85801	180000 160000 160000 140000 120000 120000 100000 100000	
PO-6	Licenced volume ⁷ Percentage Used	121757 84%	118132 54%	138669 47%	156984 40%	167084 65%	193159 44%	80000 60000 40000 20000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Note 5	a 5 Although private disposal is not required MDRA still require reporting of SDA								
Note 6	Values are likely to be higher than sho	wn Data is	total volum		hased on l	hores where	numning	volume can be reliably metered	
Note 7	Licenced volume of pumps where usea	ae can be	reliably cal	culated			, pariping (



Operations Indicators

Program	Outputs	-PO-7,	MI-1
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			Pre	vious Per	iods		Current	
	Indicator						Period	Comparison
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	
	Metered Private Irrigation Bores ass	isted by the	7	50000 - 50000				
	Actual Amount Pumped	NA	NA	NA	29996	39091	44101	45000 40000 35000 30000
PO-7	GE0/, of Sofe Line Maluma ⁸	NΔ	NΔ	NΔ	23355	31013	32640	25000 20000 15000 10000 10000
	65% of Sale Use volume		117	IN-T	20000	51915	52040	
	100% of Safe Use Volume	NA	NA	NA	35930	49097	49886	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 7	Values likely higher: total volume pump	oed based o	on bores wl	here pumpi	ing volume	can be relia	ably metered	d.
Note 8	Safe Use Volume for Assisted Bores th	at pumped.						
	Number of Metered Irrigators using I	more than	licence en	titlement v	<u>volume</u>			250
MI-1		222	107	91	40	133	39	

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Appendix B

GIS Maps of Area Served by Subsurface Drainage to June 2008

Area Protection - KPI Indicators AP-1, AP-2, AP-3, AP-4 and AP-5











Appendix C

Management and Cost Effectiveness Indicators

Budget, Revenue and Expenditure - KPI Indicators BE-1 to BE-2

Budget, Revenue and Expenditure - CG-1, FE-1



Management Indicators

BE-1, I	BE2
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	1		Prev	ious Per	iods		Current	
Indicator '		02/02	02/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	Period	Comparison
	Total Annual SSDP expenditure compared with budget (\$millions)						07/08	\$6M
	Expenditure	\$4.6	\$5.0	\$4.7	\$4.3	\$3.7	\$2.7	\$5M \$4M
	Budget	\$4.8	\$4.9	\$4.4	\$4.2	\$3.6	\$2.9	\$2M \$1M \$0M 02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Development ¹ Program Expenditure	and Budge	et Breakdo	wn (\$100	D)			\$1,500K
	Expenditure	Data not	\$334	\$492	\$1,389	\$1,156	\$420	\$1,000K
Budget available \$446 \$689					\$1,282	\$1,150	\$546	\$500K
Budget (% of Total) 9% 169				16%	30%	32%	19%	\$0K
Support Program Expenditure and Budget Breakdown (\$1000)			<u>1000)</u>				\$2,000K	
BE-1	Expenditure	Data not	\$1.321	\$1.901	\$1.001	\$914	\$792	\$1,500K
	Budget	available	\$1,194	\$1,318	\$1,005	\$872	\$730	\$1,000K
	Budget (% of Total)		24%	30%	24%	24%	26%	\$0К
	Implementation Program Expenditur	e and Bud	get Breako	lown (\$10	00)	2470	2070	\$3,000K
	Expanditura		\$2.848	¢1 953	¢1 734	¢1 262	\$2,50 \$2,00 \$2,00	\$2,500K
	Budget	Data not available	\$2,040 \$2,762	\$1,000	\$1,734 \$1,730	\$1,202	\$1,210	
	Budget (% of Total)		57%	44%	¢1,100 41%	33%	45%	\$0K
	Monitoring & Reporting Program Ex	penditure a	ind Budae	t Breakdo	wn (\$1000)		02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08 \$600K
			¢506	¢470	¢206	¢069	¢202	\$500K \$400K
Expenditure Data not \$506 \$479					φ200 ¢005	φ200	\$303 \$000	\$300K \$200K
	Budget	available	\$489	\$434	\$205	\$241	\$296	
	Budget (% of Total)	liniterente	10%	10%	5%	7%	10%	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Revenue from operation of public sa		<u>ר אסרא: (</u> מאזאן	\$1000) \$507	¢ = 1 1	¢EEQ	¢EOG	\$500K
BE-2		\$370 \$75	\$85	\$307 \$104	ຽວ11 \$105	ຈວວວ \$114	5000 \$110	\$300K
	Total	\$451	\$499	\$611	\$616	\$672	\$645	\$200K + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
					-	-		\$0K
Note 1	For a full description of each component	nt please re	fer to the g	lossary				

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Management Indicators

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CG-1, FE-1

Indicato	r		Pro	evious Perio	ds		Current Period	Comparison
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	
	Capital Grant Scheme (CGS)							
	New pasture CGS systems costs							\$1,000,000 Capital Grant Scheme Expenditure
	Landholder	\$379,967	\$451,650	\$115,262	\$170,525	\$258,891	\$262,191	
	Capital Grant	\$370,083	\$476,510	\$151,612	\$148,913	\$267,750	\$411,414	
	Total	\$750,050	\$928,160	\$266,874	\$319,437	\$526,641	\$673,606	\$750,000
	New horticulture sytems costs	\$5 300	\$0	\$0	02	\$0	\$0	
	Capital Grant	\$5,000 \$5,040	00 02	ወ ወ	φ0 \$0	ΦΦ 0	φ0 ¢0	
CG-1	Total	\$11 240	00 02	ΦΦ 0.2	φ0 \$0	ΦΦ 0	\$0 \$0	\$500,000
	CGS system upgrades	ψ11,240	ψΟ	ψυ	ψΟ	ψŪ	ΨΟ	
	Landholder	\$5,597	\$1,043	\$3,542	\$47,809	\$15,489	\$47,719	
	Capital Grant	\$7,710	\$1,937	\$3,892	\$18,839	\$27,385	\$20,581	\$250,000
	Total	\$13,307	\$2,980	\$7,434	\$66,648	\$42,874	\$68,300	
	Total Administration Costs	\$210,000	\$257,259	\$202,474	\$167,770	\$321,751	\$241,753	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
	Average cost to manage grants process per site	\$8,750	\$17,151	\$22,497	\$15,252	\$20,109	\$12,088	
	Farm Exploratory Drilling Service (F	EDS)						EEDS Cost per Investigation
								\$25,000
	Total cost of annual FEDS							\$20,000
FF 4	investigations for the SSDP	\$1,091,140	\$1,357,673	\$1,009,143	\$1,046,929	\$995,335	\$902,284	\$15,000
FE-1								
	Number of FEDS investigations	64	67	50	41	47	45	
		• • • • • • •				AA ()		
	Average cost per FEDS	\$17,049	\$20,264	\$20,183	\$25,535	\$21,177	\$20,051	
								02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08
Note 1	Includes pasture FEDS and Horti FED	S						

Appendix D Environmental Indicators

Benefits and Impacts - KPI Indicators EV-1 and EV-2

2007-08 PERFORMANCE REPORT



Environmental Indicators

	Indicator		Pre	vious Perio	ods		Current Period	Comp	arison
		02/03	03/04	04/05	05/06	06/07	07/08	Total Area	Annual Change
	Groundwater levels - Area threatene	d by shallow	v watertable	<u>s (ha) ¹</u>				300,000	20,000
	< 2 m Total Area	69,544	89,704	61,647	90,306	62,799	7,087	200,000	q2/08 03/04 q4/06 05/06 q6/07 q7/08
EV-1	Annual Change	(62,574)	20,160	(28,057)	28,659	(27,507)	(55,712)		
	< 3 m Total Area	225,550	202,479	190,634	203,051	185,395	81,783		(60,000)
	Annual Change	(25,425)	(23,071)	(11,845)	12,417	(17,656)	(103,612)	02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	(80,000)
Note1	Based on August groundwater levels -	eg for 2005/6	6 August 200	5 groundwat	er levels use	d.			
	Area of Environmental Features Prot	tected by SS	DP Program	n Works (ha)				3.000 -	
EV-2		NA	NA	NA	2335	2619	2604		
								02/03 03/04 04/05 05/06 06/07 07/08	

EV1, EV2

Appendix E Environmental Indicators

GIS Maps of Environmental Features Protected by Subsurface Drainage Works to June 2008



Appendix F Glossary of Terms

Glossary of Terms

Term	Description		
Area Served	An area within the influence of a groundwater pump, tile		
	drain or other subsurface drainage system		
CGS	Capital Grant Scheme		
DPI	Department of Primary Industries		
DSE	Department of Sustainability and Environment		
FEDS	Farm Exploratory Drilling Scheme		
GBCMA	Goulburn-Broken Catchment Management Authority		
G-MW	Goulburn-Murray Rural Water Authority		
КРІ	Key Performance Indicator		
MDBC	Murray-Darling Basin Commission		
NAP	National Action Plan		
NHT	Natural Heritage Trust		
Private Bore	Private Irrigation Bore, also known as Private Groundwater		
Program Development	Component of the SSDP related to development. Includes		
	research and investigation		
Program Implementation	Component of the SSDP related to implementation. Includes		
	all on-ground works (including the CGS, FEDS and Public		
	Pump Program).		
Program Monitoring and Reporting	Component of the SSDP related to monitoring and reporting.		
	Includes biophysical and program (KPI) reporting.		
Program Support	Component of the SSDP related to support. Includes		
	committee meetings, coordination, program management,		
	extension and capacity building.		
Public Salinity Control Pump (PSCP)	A Public Pump design to manage salinity levels in the root		
	zone.		
Public Watertable Control Pump	A public pump designed to manage high watertables.		
SIRCIS	Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation		
	Strategy (formerly known as the Shepparton Irrigation		
	Region Land and Water Salinity Management Plan or		
	SIRLWSMP).		
SIRGMP	Shepparton Irrigation Region Groundwater Management		
	Plan		
	Shepparton Irrigation Region Catchment Implementation		
SIRCIC	Committee		
SPB	Salinity Plan Bore		
SSDP	Sub-surface Drainage Program		
'zero drawdown'	The theoretical limit of impact on the groundwater levels		
	from public salinity control pumps		

Document Status – Final

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